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XCVIII. Some Observations upon the Agaric, lately applied after Amputations, with regard to the determining its Species. By Mr. William Watson, F. R. S.

HE agaric lately applied as a ftyp-tic after amputations, and which has been brought from France, I do not believe to be the common agaric of the oak, as has been imagined by the French surgeons. What is called the common agaric is a parasitical plant, found growing upon the oak, and upon feveral other trees; and is denominated by Caspar Bauhin, Fungus in caudicibus nascens, unguis equini figurà; of which touchwood or spunk, and the amadoue ordinaire of the French, is usually prepared. I think it impossible, by any process, to prepare from the common agaric a substance perfectly similar to the French agaric, which exactly answers the description, which Breynius gives of the Fungus coriaceus quercinus hæmatodes, and of which we find the following * account in the Ephemerides naturæ curiosorum. " In medio quercus, " fays that author, medullæ velut fubucula circum-" volutus, inventus est: tener erat, mollis, flexilis, " planus, nonnihil rugosus, câ longitudine et lati-" tudine, ut colobium ex eodem commodé conficere " licuisset: colore pallido ad flavum nonnihil ten-" dente; itemque substantia, tractatione, et figura

^{*} An. 4, et 5. Obs. 150.

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" alutæ ex pelle caprina confectæ similior quam ovum ovo, nisi quod crassior, materia minus compacta; intus præterea passim duriuscula & rotunda tubercula, in manus magis quam in oculos intercurrentia occultante. Initio gustatus vis statim quædam attractiva apparebat. Reperitur et in aliis arboribus." Breynius surther says, that this vegetable has been recommended as a most excellent re-

medy to stop the bleeding at the nose.

Mr. Ray, in his Synopsis stirpium Britannicarum, upon the authority of the late Dr. William Sherard, says, that this Fungus coriaceus quercinus bæmatodes is sound upon putrid oaks in Ireland, where it is called oak-leather; and that the country people there collect and preserve it to dress ulcers with. Dr. Sherard makes no doubt but that it may be found in England; and Mr. Ray had even some sent him from the late Dr. Eales in Hertsordshire. Dr. Richardson, in Yorkshire, found it growing upon the ash; and Dr. Dillenius surther observes, that in Virginia it is used as leather, to spread plaisters upon; and that, besides its being a soft substance, sitting easy upon the afflicted part, it has a healing property.

Thus much I thought proper to lay before the Royal Society, in order that those members of it, who correspond with the French surgeons, may make some further inquiry into the nature, as well as the preparation, if any, of this useful vegetable.

William Watson.